

USING PERFORMANCE MEASURES TO JUSTIFY SIGNAL SYSTEMS ON ARTERIALS

May 4, 2017







Webcast and Audio Information



The call-in phone number is:

1-719-867-1571 & enter 725437# at the prompt

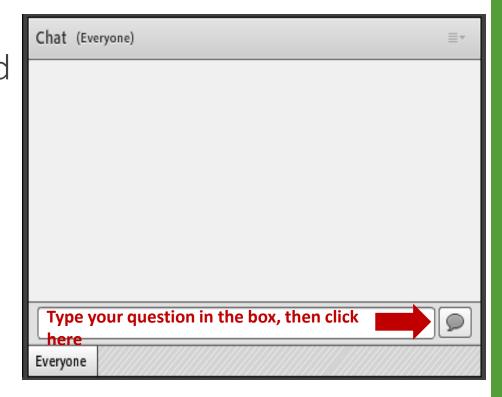
- Your phone line will be muted throughout the webcast
- Please press *0 to speak to an operator for questions regarding audio
- Please call 917-974-4810 for difficulties with the web or audio application
- This web meeting is being recorded
- All materials will be available to participants after the web meeting

Asking Questions





- Please pose your questions using the chat box
- Questions will be monitored then answered by the speakers during their presentation or at the end of the webinar



Agenda

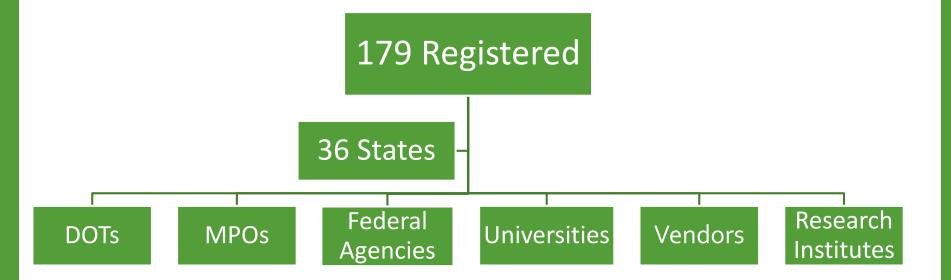


Welcome & Overview	Denise Markow, PE I-95 Corridor Coalition
Outcome Assessment using Probe Vehicle Data to Justify Signal Investments to Decision Makers	Dan Farley Pennsylvania DOT
Focused Operations: Measuring Arterial Performance Using Automated Traffic Signal Performance Measures	Alan Davis, PE, PTOE Georgia DOT

I-95 Corridor Coalition Sponsored Event -

Welcome



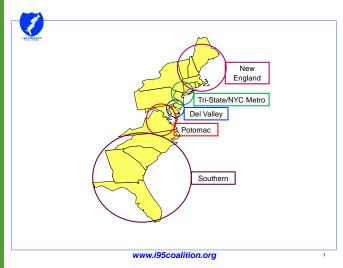


The Coalition who . . .

I-95 Corridor Coalition

I-95 CORRIDOR

- > TSMO Program
- Focusing on Arterial Management
- ➤ A Coalition Sponsored Webinar



I-95 Corridor Coalition Website





 Average daily traffic is projected to exceed 133,000 vehicles daily, including more than 20,000 trucks.

 100% of the urban segments will be under heavy congestion, and 55% of the non-urban segments will see increased congestion.



The Infrastructure

- 40,000 National Highway System Miles
- 103 Commercial Airports
- . 22,000 miles of Class 1 Rail
- · 46 Major Seaports
 - \$172 Billion Imported through Seaports - 34% of the US total

The Economy

- . \$4.7 Trillion Economy (40% of US GDP)
- 38% of all U.S. jobs
- · Second largest economy in the world
- \$197 billion exported in goods and services, or 28% of all US Exports

The Population

- 110 Million People in the Region, which occupies 10% of the Nation's Land Area but 37% of its population
- 272 Average Number of People per Square Mile; over three times more densely populated than the U.S. average and as densely settled as much of Western Europe
- The population in the 206 counties within 20 miles of I-95 grew from about 40 million in 1960 to 100 million in 2008. Counties in Florida and Northern Virginia grew the most in terms of population and persons per square

Source: NPR analysis of U.S. Census Bureau data

What is being explored today . . .

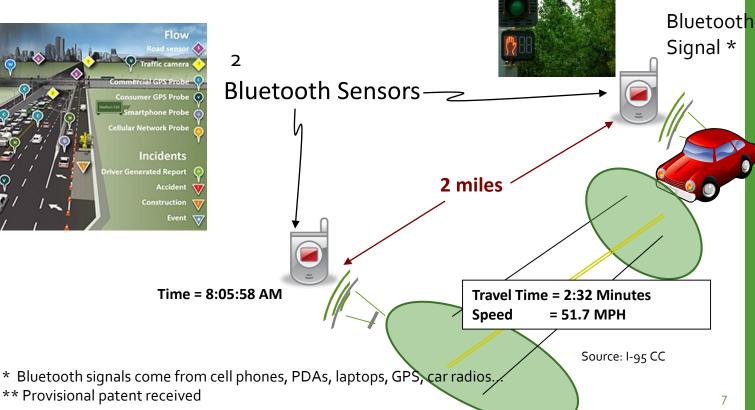
Arterial Monitoring Technologies

- Probe data
- Re-identification data
- High resolution controller data



** Provisional patent received

Source: INRIX



Introductions



Denise Markow, PE
I-95 Corridor Coalition

TSMO Program

Coordinator



Pennsylvania DOT

Section Chief, Traffic

Operations Deployment &

Maintenance Section



Georgia DOT

Assistant State Traffic

Engineer

Dan Farley Pennsylvania Department of Transportation

Outcome Assessment using Probe Vehicle Data to Justify Signal Investments to Decision Makers



Daniel P. Farley
Section Chief
Traffic Operations Deployment
and Maintenance

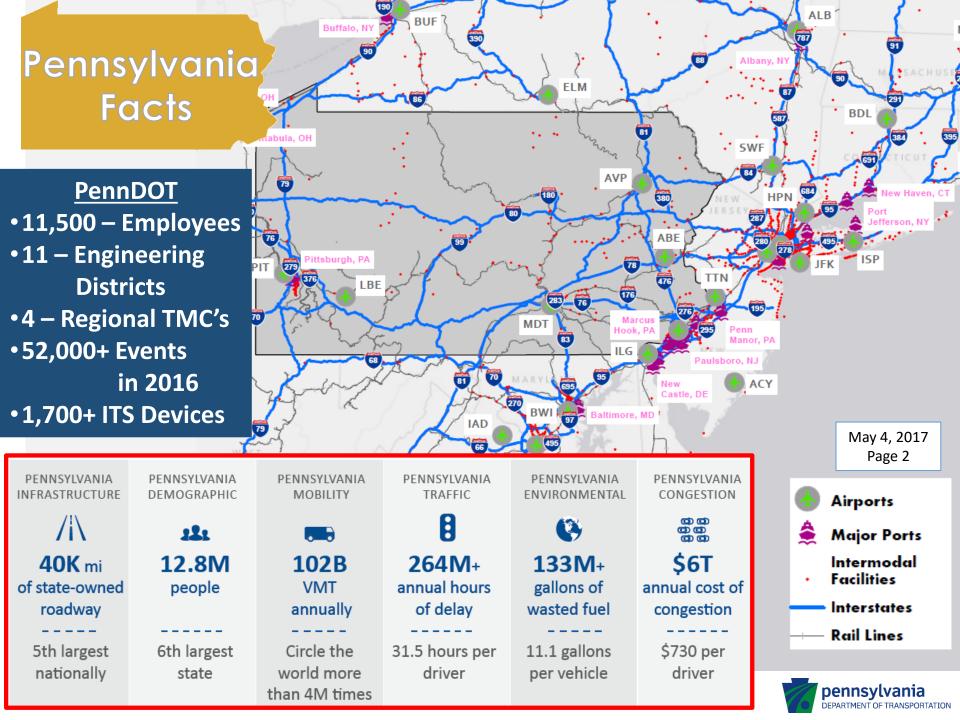
dfarley@pa.gov 717-783-0333

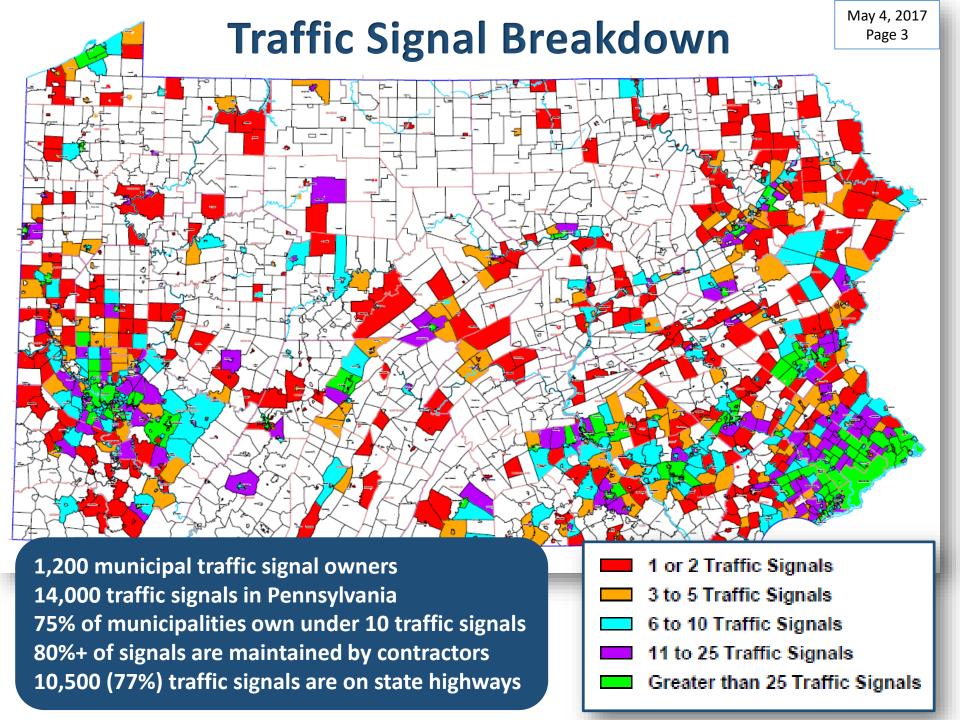
Outcome Assessment using Probe Vehicle Data to Justify Signal Investments to Decision Makers

I-95 Corridor Coalition Traffic Signal and Arterial Performance Metric Webinar

May 4, 2017









Green Light-Go Program

PA Act 101 of 2016 (July 20, 2016) - Up to \$ 40 Million Annually

Goal: To enhance traffic signal management, maintenance, and operations and make the Commonwealth's signalized corridors more safe and efficient.

Local Grant Program

- Counties, Municipalities, and Planning Partners Eligible Applicants
- All Existing Traffic Signals
- 20% Match All Projects Municipal Managed unless otherwise indicated by PennDOT
- <u>Eligible Activities</u>: LED, regional operations, retiming, special event timing, monitoring, maintenance, and equipment upgrades
- Also added ITS applications such as autonomous connected related technology (DSRC)

PennDOT Management

- PennDOT to assume ownership and maintenance responsibility [Pilot evaluation is 160 signals in 9 municipalities that parallel I-76 (Schuylkill Expressway)]
- Focus on Super-Critical Corridors (AADT above 25,000)
- Communication back to TMC and Signal Performance Measures on all corridors
- One Unified Command and Control Software to Monitor and Manage Signals

Where do we need to be?

- Isolated → Coordinated
- Jurisdictional Needs →
 Regional Improvements
- Project Focused → Customer
 Impacts
- Reactive & output-oriented
 - → Performance

 Based decision-making
- Historical → Real-Time
- Peak Hour Timing → 24/7
 Operations

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Transportation Pooled Fund Program

TPF-5(258):Traffic Signal Systems **Operations and Management**



- Corridor Level Metrics Initial Deployment in Philadelphia Region (5 Counties)
 - 138-Super-Critical Corridors
 - 2,184 Traffic Signals
 - 776 Arterial Miles of INRIX data
 - Future Statewide Deployment



Clarify when and where each of the Metrics should be used

Probe Data Arterial Travel Time Comparison

 Before/After Analysis and corridor reliability utilizing Cumulative Frequency Diagrams (CFDs)

Arterial Ranking

 Ranking by median travel time and interquartile range (IQR) identifying delay, reliability, and variability

Arterial Congestion Ticker

Speed profiles of arterial routes

Intersection Level Metrics (High Resolution Metrics)

W Dekalb P

Traffic Signal





Statewide Approach

Tool

- Utilizing the Utah Open Source Code
- Establish as Updates Occur
- Implement where controller and communications are available
- Future statewide Command and **Control Software Platform**

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Coverage Area

Pennsylvania is an All-In State

- **INRIX** is the Selected Data Vendor
- Real-Time Data and Achieved Data since 2011
- Data used in 511PA
- Statewide Travel Times when appropriate
- 7 validations completed in PA through I-95 VPP and have generally performed significantly better than contract (AASE < 5 mph, Speed Bias < 3 mph)

• 25,000 TMC Segments; 16,600 Miles • 112,000 XD Segments; 23,200 Miles (20,200 Arterials) **99 89** Lake Erle leveland 15 Pennsylvania 10 680 **476** (376) **1** 80 76 46 280 (287) 30 22 Pittsburgh 78 (283) 170 (19 Philade **83**

US-1 Corridor

Granularity and Coverage Comparision of TMC and XD Segments



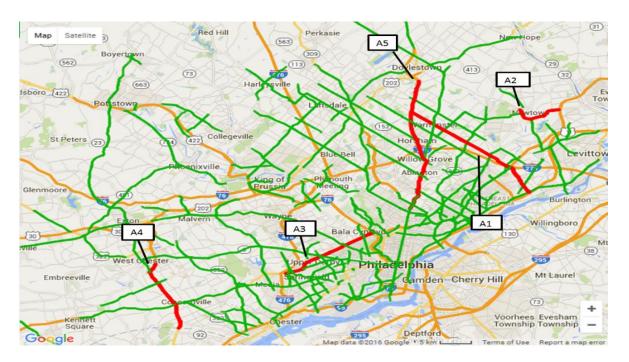
- Reflects current traffic conditions
- Reported every minute
- Generally 3-5 minutes behind actual road conditions



Research Project



<u>Purpose</u>: Develop, implement and evaluate commercial probe data licensed by Pennsylvania to produce arterial performance measures to evaluate user costs (signal retiming, maintenance, adaptive installation and benefit/cost activities), travel time reliability, variability, and corridor prioritization.



Focus Area:

- 138 "Super-Critical" corridors (AADT greater than 25,000)
- Five-county region of PennDOT District 6, including Bucks, Chester, Delaware,
 Montgomery, and Philadelphia counties
- Total: 2,184 Signals on 766 miles of arterials

Probe Data Performance Measures



In recent years, highway monitoring and performance measure requirements have been acreasingly emphasize transportation funding mandates such as MAP-21. The provisions in these mandates have led to an increased n of system performance at both state and local levels. It is highly likely that future bills will trend toward requiring performance measurement. Historically, this has been a challenge due to the data collection impastructure required wide-scale deployment efforts. To meet this data need, advances in connected and probe vehicle echnologies han unprecedented amount of data through third-party commercial vendors for agencies to procure and use. How be transformed to adapt to the goals and objectives of the agency so to be well-suited for analyzing parformance

In May 2016, the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation sponsored a 12-month research project at Purdue develop, implement and assess three web dashboards and a data system that make use of the commercial yob Pennsylvania to produce arterial performance measures for engineers and stakeholders to evaluate and monto Traffic speed data was downloaded in real-time as well as historic data from INRIX to populate roadway speeds spatial resolution. The dashboards mapped the speeds to 138 "super-critical" corridors in the five-county region including Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia counties, and produced travel time and relia corridor rankings, and a congestion monitoring tool on a web-enabled user platform. The three dashboards are s

- Arterial Travel Time Comparison Tool. This tool allows the user to perform a comparison of travel times
 corridor for specified "before" and "after" date ranges that can be filtered by day of week and time of day. T
 cumulative frequency diagrams (CFDs) of the travel times that illustrate the difference between the before
 This tool is instrumental for assessing the effects of maintenance, operational changes, capital programs
 deployments.
- Arterial Ranking Tool. This tool enables the user to view performance of several corridors for a specified
 rank the corridors according to their travel time characteristics, including both the median travel time and
 range (IQR), a measure of the travel time variability. The tool produces sorted bar charts based on either p
 measure, or a scatter-plot using both criteria axes.
- Arterial Congestion Ticker. This tool produces a chart of speed distributions on selected arterial routes over interact with the chart to focus-in on specific instances in time and display on a map the segments where the speed observed.

Travel Time Comparison Tool
Compares travel time
distributions on a single
corridor over different time
periods

- Arterial Ranking Tool
 Ranks multiple corridors
 based on normalized
 median and interquartile
 travel times over the same
 time period
- Congestion Ticker
 Tracks speeds of corridors
 over time to identify time
 periods and locations of
 congestion

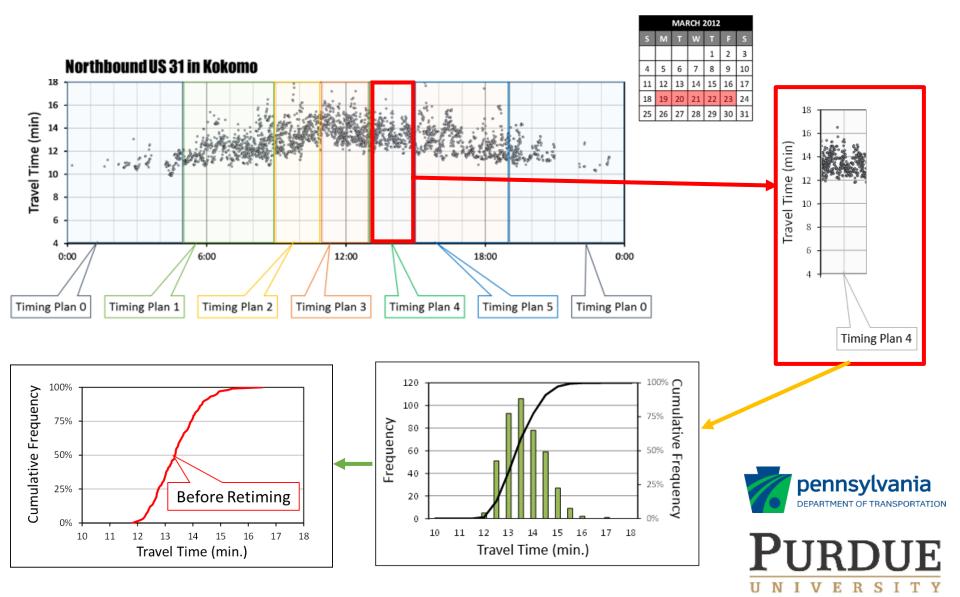
These web dashboards were accompanied by a research paper that assessed over \$30 million in user travel time and emissions benefits derived from a combination of signal retiming and adaptive system deployments. That paper was presented at the Transportation Research Board 96th Annual Meeting. Looking ahead, the groundwork laid by this project will aid the development of new business processes for assessing road network performance using emerging data sources to align with requirements of upcoming government mandates on performance measures.





Travel Time Comparison Tool

Cumulative Frequency Diagram (CFD)



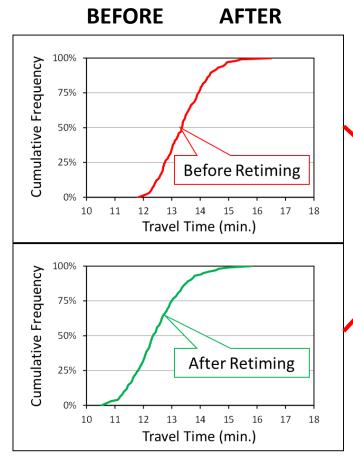


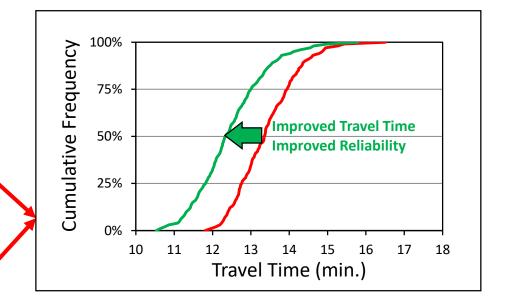
Travel Time Comparison Tool

Cumulative Frequency Diagram (CFD)

MARCH 2012						APRIL 2012							
S	М	Т	w	Т	F	s	s	М	Т	w	Т	F	S
				1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	29	30					

Retiming Week







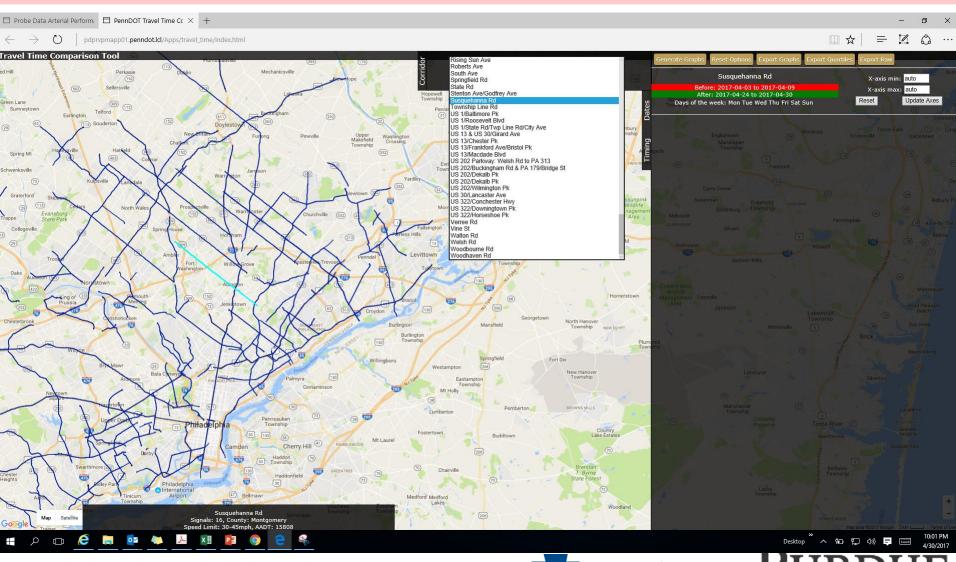






1) Travel Time Comparison Tool

Select a Corridor





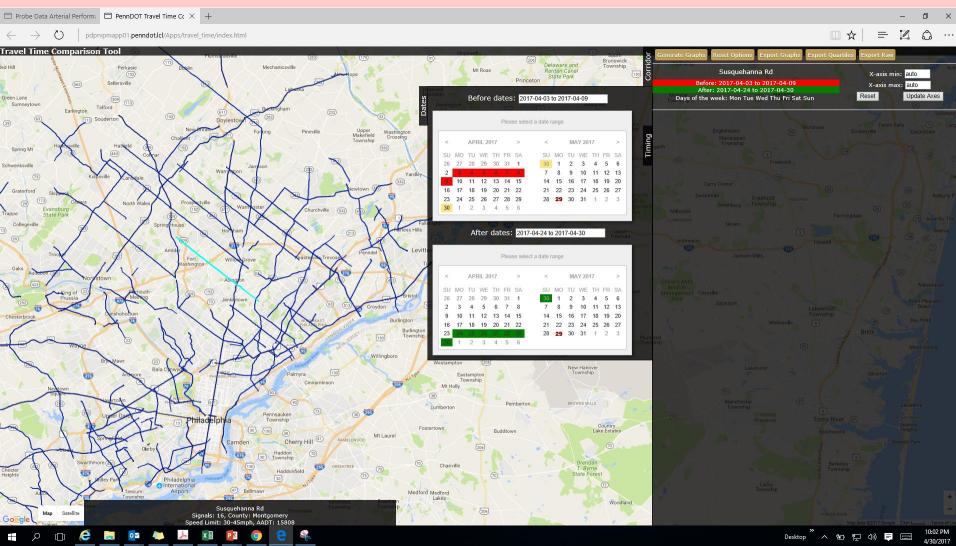






Travel Time Comparison Tool

Select Before and After Evaluation Dates





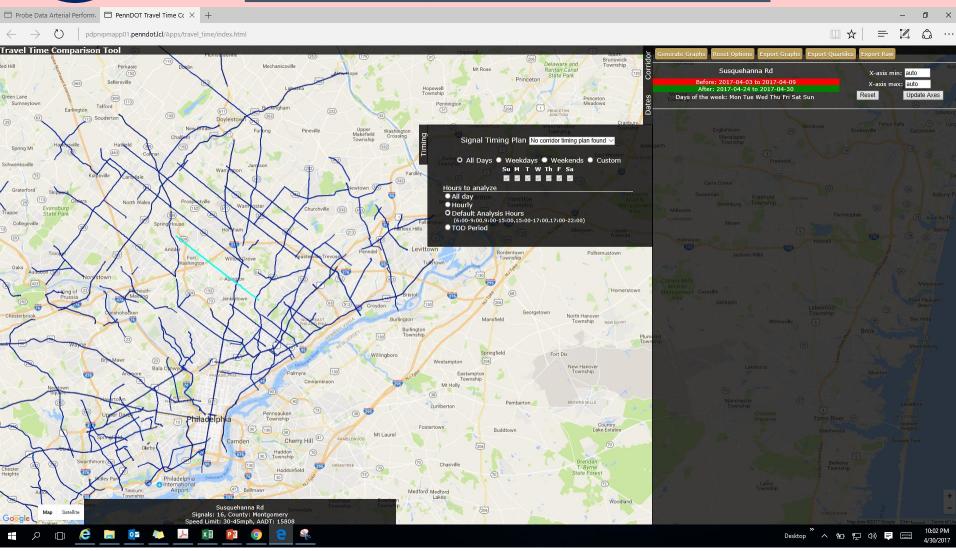






Travel Time Comparison Tool

Select the Days and Hours of Evaluation



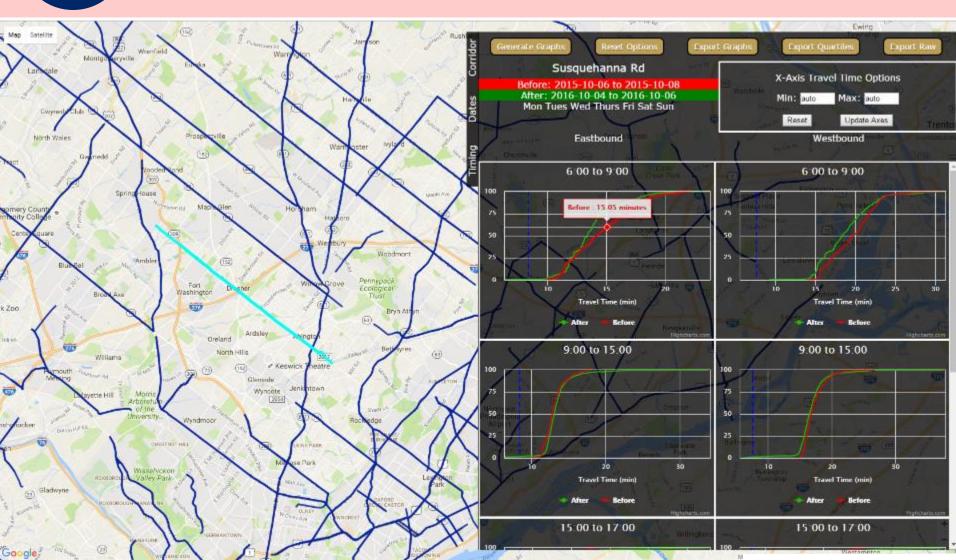






(1)

Travel Time Comparison Tool



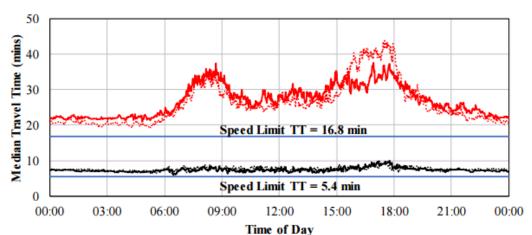




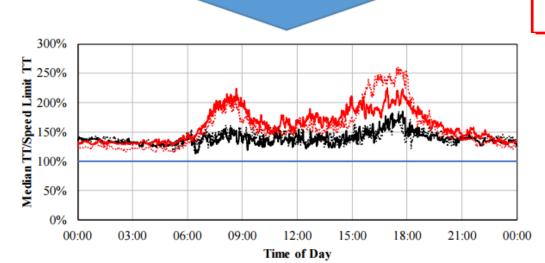


Travel Time Normalization

Median travel time and speed limit travel time on Newtown Bypass (shown in black) and US-1 (shown in red) for the study period 12/5/2016 to 12/10/2016







Normalized TT =
$$\frac{\text{Median TT}}{\text{Speed limit TT}}$$

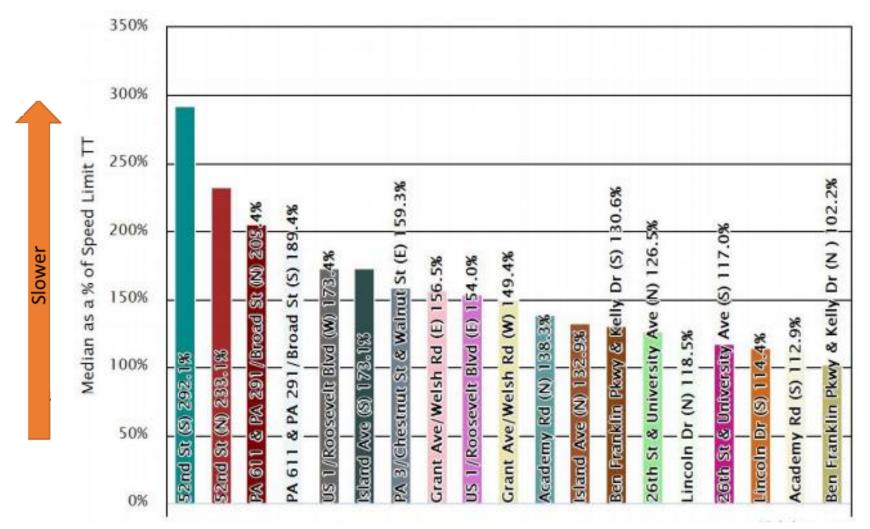






2) Arterial Ranking Tool

Travel Time Normalization Ranking



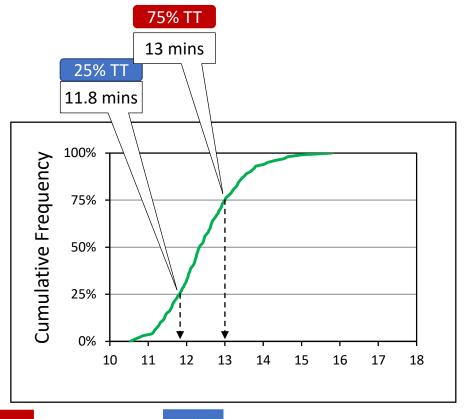






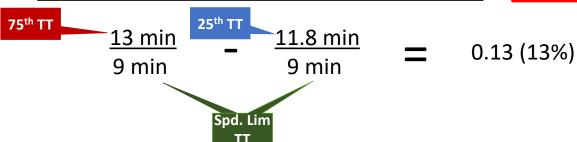
2 Arterial Ranking Tool

Interquartile-Range (IQR) Normalization



	APRIL 2012										
S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14					
15	16	17	18	19	20	21					
22	23	24	25	26	27	28					
29	30										

Normalized IQR = $\frac{(75\text{th percentile TT} - 25\text{th percentile TT})}{\text{Speed limit TT}}$



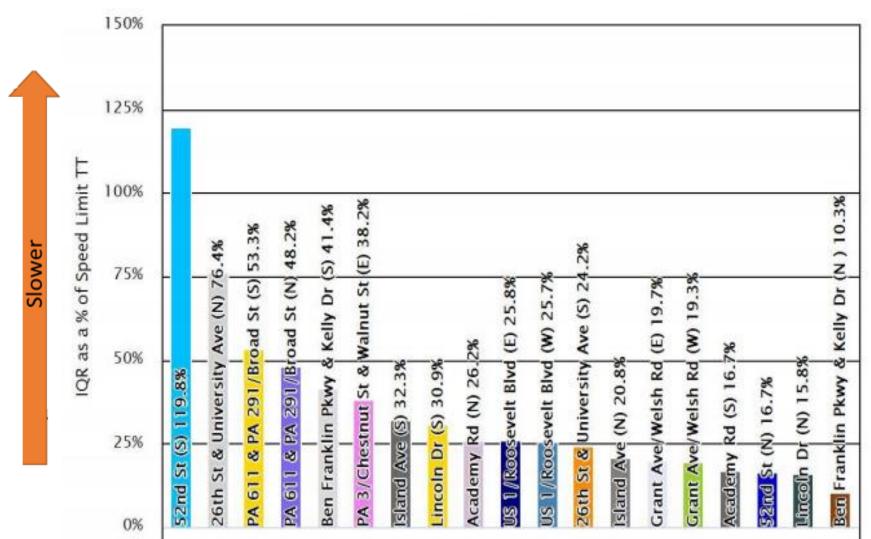






2 Arterial Ranking Tool

Interquartile-Range (IQR) Normalization Ranking





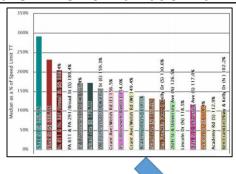




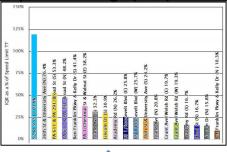
2) Arterial Ranking Tool

Reliability vs Central Tendency

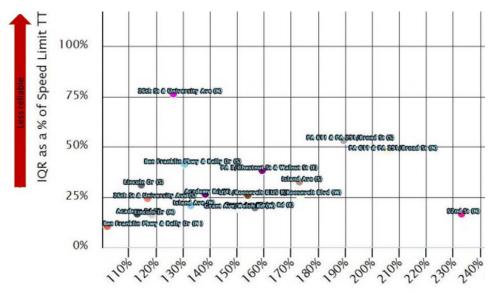
Travel Time Normalization Ranking



Interquartile-Range (IQR) Normalization Ranking



Reliability vs Central Tendency

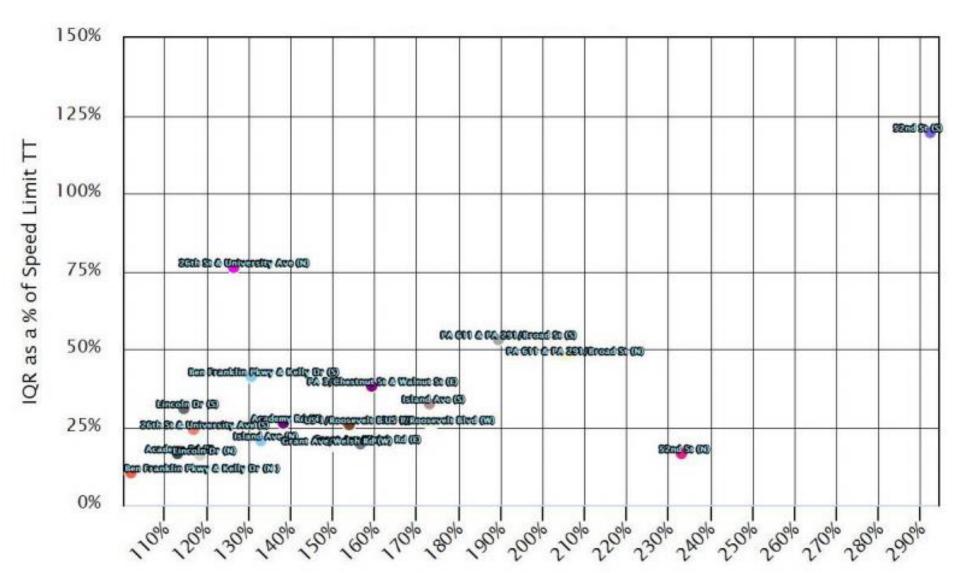








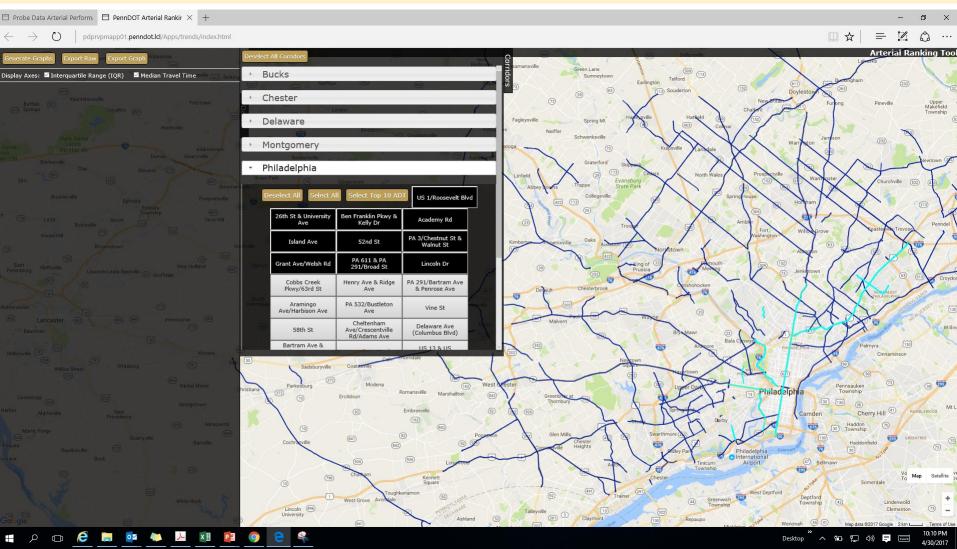
Reliability vs Central Tendency (Philadelphia County)





2) Arterial Ranking Tool

Select a County and Corridors

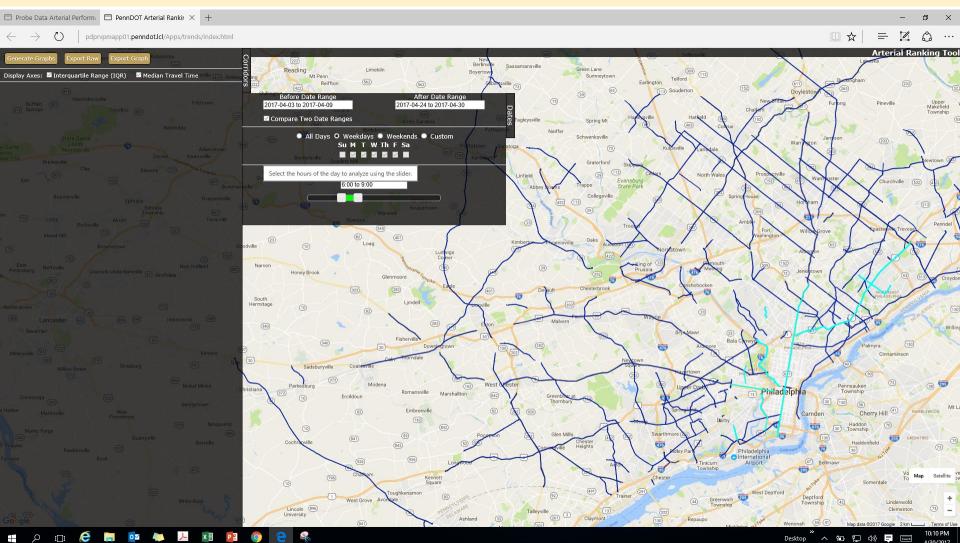






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Select a Time Frame, Days, and Hours of Evaluation



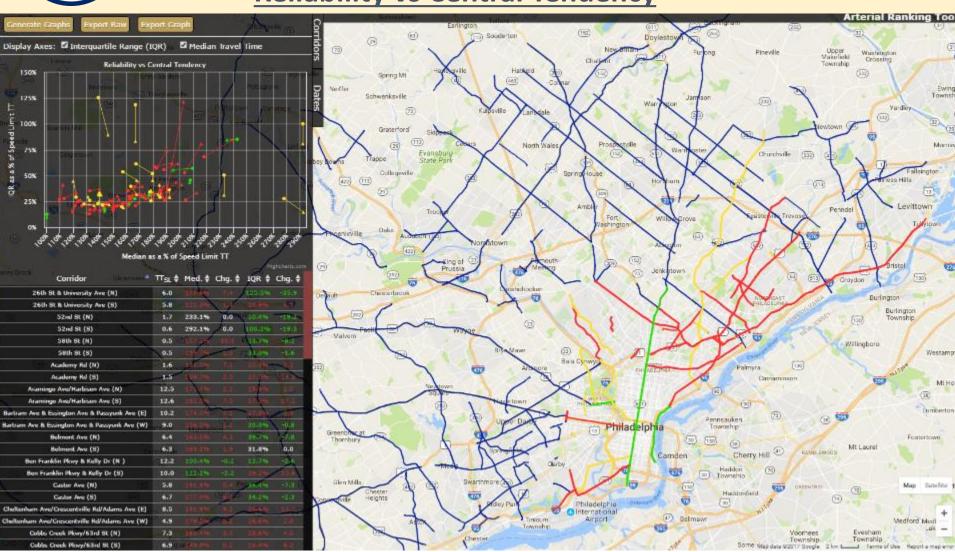






2) Arterial Ranking Tool

Reliability vs Central Tendency



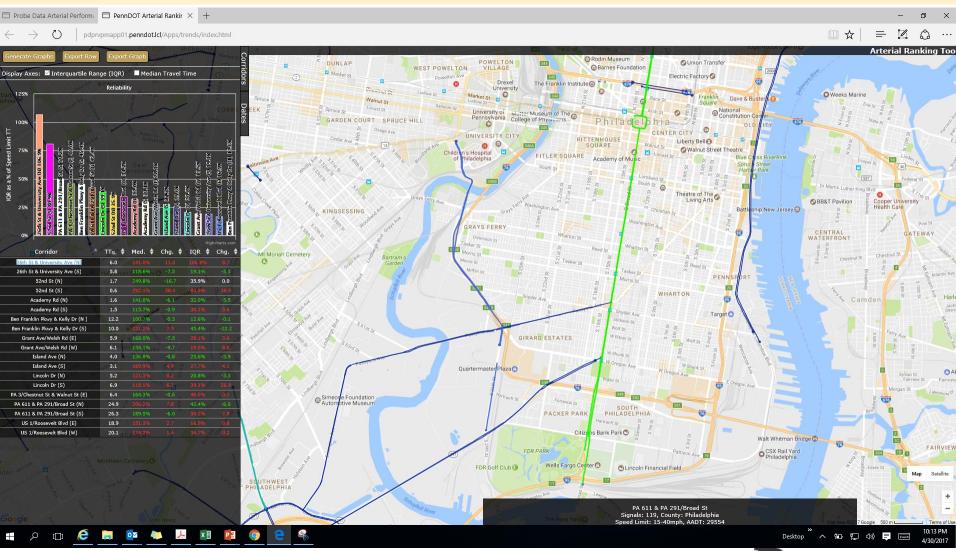






(2) Arterial Ranking Tool

Interquartile-Range (IQR) Normalization Ranking



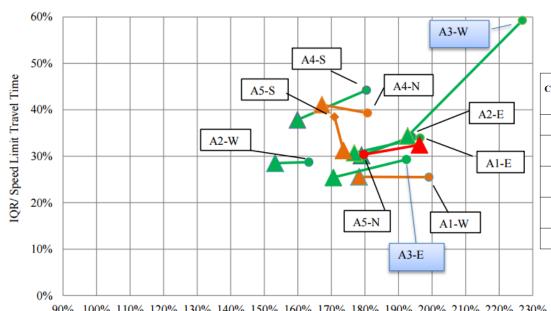






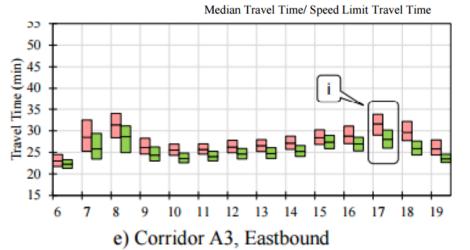
Arterial Ranking Tool

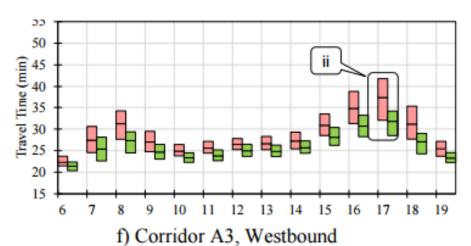
Case Study: US 1/State Rd/Township Line Rd/City Ave



Corridor ID	Corridor Name	AADT	Length (mi)	Average Speed Limit (mph)	Signal Count (Adaptive Signals)	Before Date Range	After Date Range
A1	PA 132 / Street Rd	33,965	15.2	45	50 (21)	10/12/2015- 11/23/2015	1/4/2016- 2/15/2016
A2	PA 332 (Newtown Bypass)	35,015	4.8	53	12 (12)	2/22/2016– 4/4/2016	4/25/2016— 6/6/2016
A3	US 1/State Rd/Township Line Rd/City Ave	35,268	10.0	36	40 (4)	10/12/2015 11/23/2015	3/7/2016 4/18/2016
A4	US 202/Wilmington Pkwy	46,553	8.6	45	16 (9)	9/4/2015– 10/26/2015	1/4/2016- 2/15/2016
A5	PA 611/Old York Rd/ Easton Rd	30,919	16.3	42	68 (15)	4/27/2015– 6/8/2015	1/4/2016- 2/15/2016

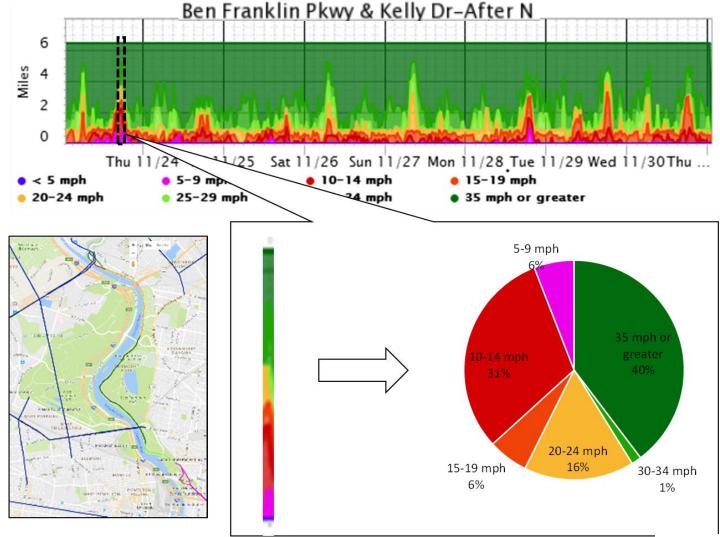
100% 110% 120% 130% 140% 150% 160% 170% 180% 190% 200% 210% 220% 230%







(3) Congestion Ticker

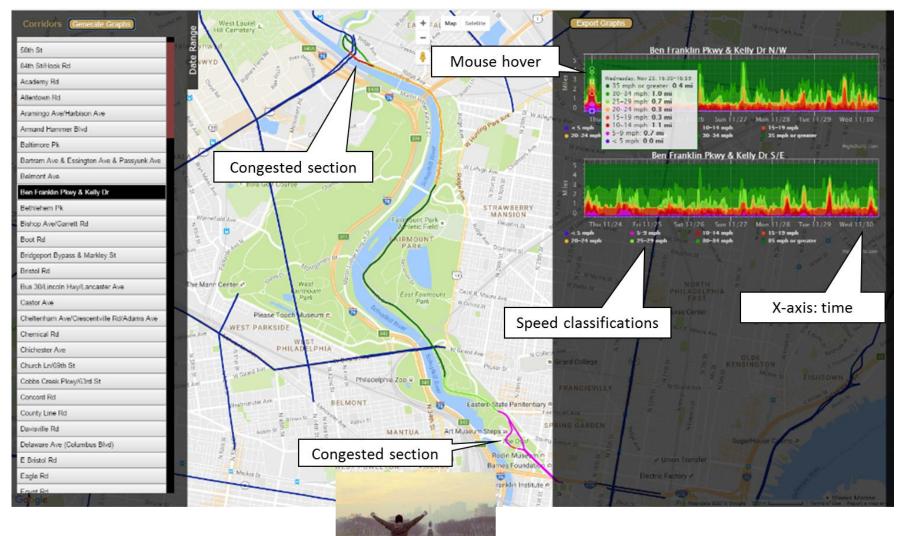








(3) Congestion Ticker





pennsylvania

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Weekend CO₂ Savings

\$4,000

\$39,000

\$14,000 -\$23,000

Tons

120

1080

400

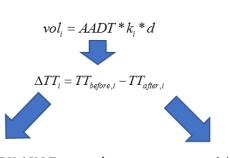


(4) Benefit Evaluation

Case Study: US 1/State Rd/Township Line Rd/City Ave



Change in median TT



Corridor ID	Corridor Name	AADT	Length (mi)	Average Speed Limit (mph)	Signal Count (Adaptive Signals)	Before Date Range	After Date Range
A1	PA 132 / Street Rd	33,965	15.2	45	50 (21)	10/12/2015- 11/23/2015	1/4/2016- 2/15/2016
A2	PA 332 (Newtown Bypass)	35,015	4.8	53	12 (12)	2/22/2016- 4/4/2016	4/25/2016- 6/6/2016
A3	US 1/State Rd/Township Line Rd/City Ave	35,268	10.0	36	40 (4)	10/12/2015 11/23/2015	3/7/2016 4/18/2016
A4	US 202/Wilmington Pkwy	46,553	8.6	45	16 (9)	9/4/2015– 10/26/2015	1/4/2016- 2/15/2016
A5	PA 611/Old York Rd/ Easton Rd	30,919	16.3	42	68 (15)	4/27/2015- 6/8/2015	1/4/2016- 2/15/2016

Weekday CO₂ Savings

Corridor

 $user_{car,i} = vol_i * \Delta TT_i * \%C_i * PPV_c * VOT_c$

 $user_{truck,i} = vol_i * \Delta TT_i * \%T_i * PPV_t * VOT_t$

User benefits (cars)

User benefits (trucks)

ti de la companya de	\$11 suo III \$10 \$9 \$8 \$7				□ Weekday	□ Weekend	A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 Total	3120 640 2890 2320 -310 8660	\$112,000 \$23,000 \$104,000 \$84,000 -\$11,000 \$213,000
Hear Cost Donoff	\$6 \$5 \$4 \$3						enan "after		tivities iod
Connect							_		
	-\$2 -\$3	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	1	_	
	□ Weekday	\$9,716,000	\$1,995,000	\$8,917,000	\$7,238,000	-\$904,000	-		PEPA DEPA
	□Weekend	\$2,030,000	\$378,000	\$3,370,000	\$1,247,000	-\$2,001,000	1		DEPA

Over \$30M in annualized user benefits





Real-World Evaluations

List of Use Applications

Type of Event	(1) Travel Time Comparison	(2) Arterial Ranking	(3) Congestion Ticker
Signal Timing Plan Degradation			
Signal Maintenance and Retiming			
Adaptive Installation			
Construction Activities			
Special Events			
Crashes			
Weather Events (Winter Storms)			
Land Use Changes			



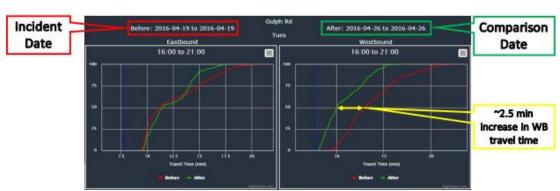




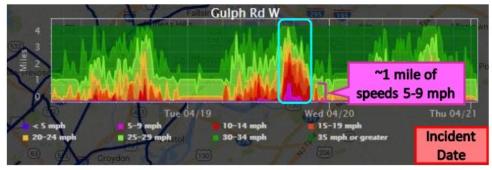
Real-World Evaluations

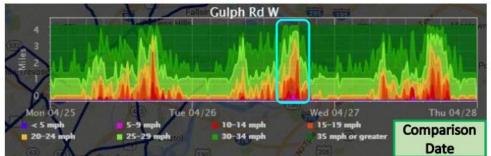
Incident Impacts





Travel time impacts on Westbound Gulph Rd





Congestion heat map of Westbound Gulph Rd





5719 Polyline

0 > H | G out of 16 Selected)

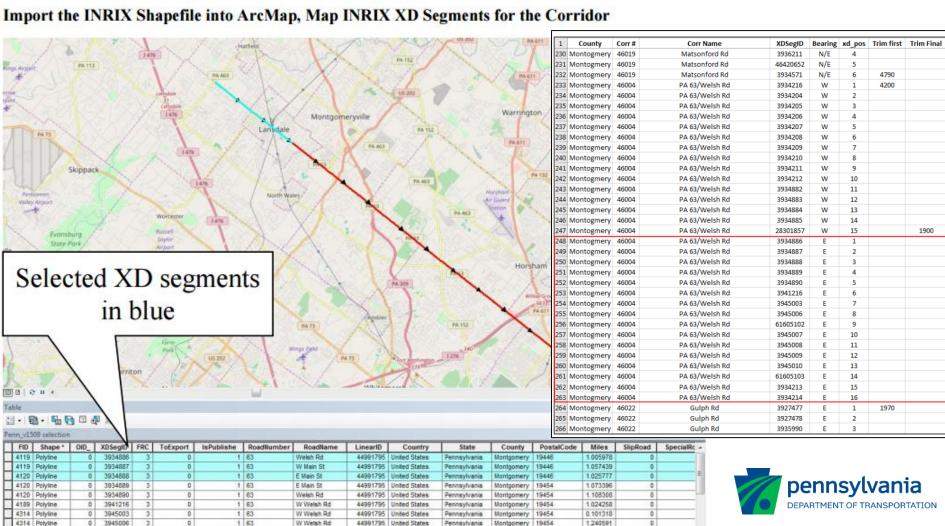
Supercritical Penn_v1509 Penn_v1509 selection

1 63

E Weish Rd

How it Works?

Mapping of the Corridors

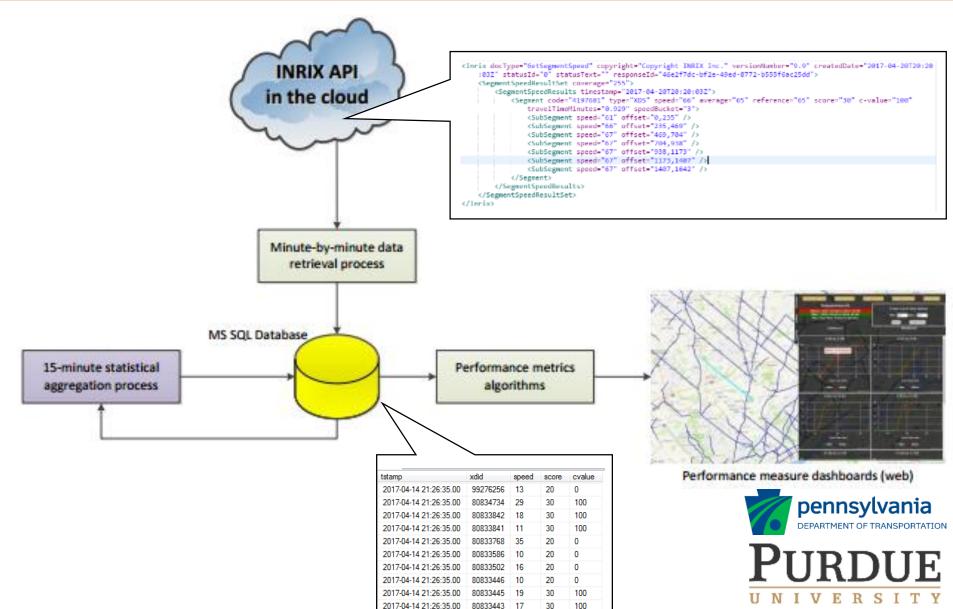






How it Works?

Overview of the Real-Time Ingestion Process





Next Steps

Phase 2 Research Efforts

- Statewide Deployment (11 additional regions)
- Further refining of filters and corridor identifiers (i.e. by counties, municipality, identification #, etc...)
- Subdividing Corridors and possible user-defined corridor selection
- Integration with Real-Time Event Data (PennDOT's RCRS)
- Executive dashboard and Automated Reports (performance at-a-glance)
- Export data directly into Benefits worksheet
 Linear diagram showing relation of travel time to length and signal locations
- Integration with high-resolution signal controller event data
- Further refine Real-Time metrics and Operator flags
- Additional Metrics as identified







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TRB Annual Meeting 2017 Paper Number 17-00314

http://docs.trb.org/prp/17-00314.pdf

Questions?

Special Thanks



Darcy Bullock Howell Li Jijo Mathew Drake Krohn Lou Rymarcsuk Chris Day



Rick Schuman Amy Lopez



Ashwin Patel
Dave Adams
Paul Lutz
Nipul Patel
Matthew Anderson
Michael Crowley
Manny Anastasiadis
Lou Belmonte
Doug Tomlinson
Glenn Rowe
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Focused Operations:
Measuring Arterial Performance
Using Automated Traffic Signal
Performance Measures





Focused Operations



Measuring Arterial Performance Using Automated Traffic Signal Performance Measures

Alan Davis, PE, PTOE Assistant State Traffic Engineer





Overview

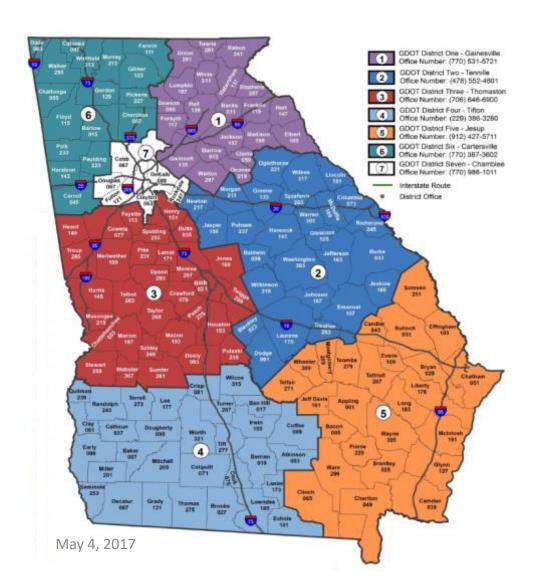
- State of Georgia
- Regional Traffic Operations
- Early Performance Measures
- Automated Traffic Signal Performance Measures
- Real World Applications
- Recommendations







State of Georgia

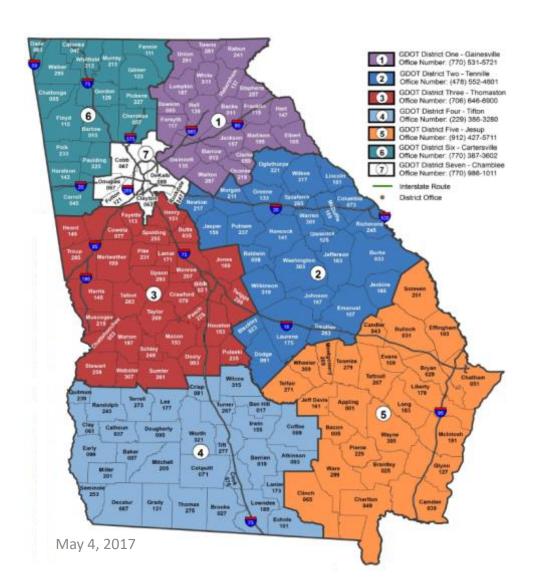


- Seven Districts
- One Central Office
- Two
 Transportation
 Management
 Centers (TMC)





State of Georgia



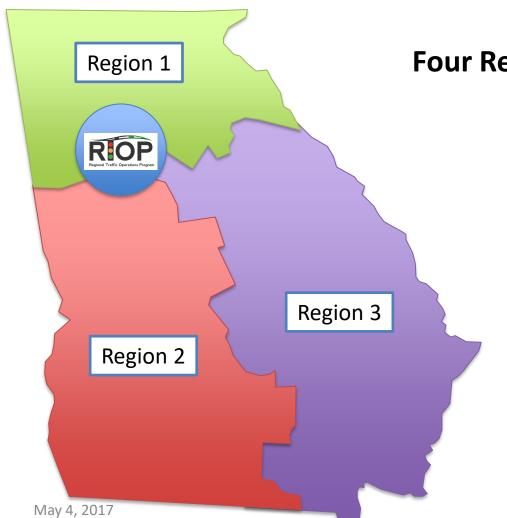
- 9,500 signals statewide
- 6,500 on-system
- 3,500 GDOT maintained





GDOT Traffic Operations

Regional Traffic Operations



Four Regions for Traffic Operations:

- Region 1: GDOT Districts 1 & 6
- Region 2: GDOT Districts 3 & 4
- Region 3: GDOT Districts 2 & 5
- Metro Atlanta Region: RTOP





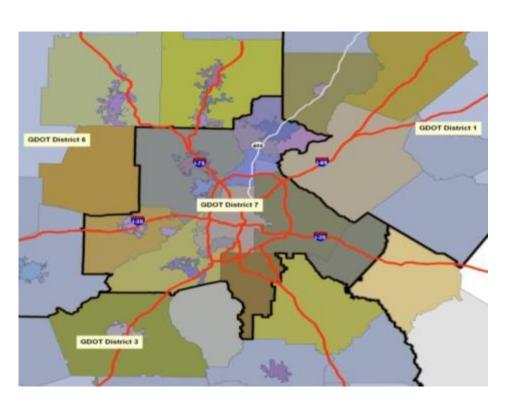
RTOP

What is RTOP?

Regional Traffic Operations Program

- Active management of regionally significant corridors in metro Atlanta
- Travel time reliability
- Data driven operational decisions
- Consistent maintenance and operations across region

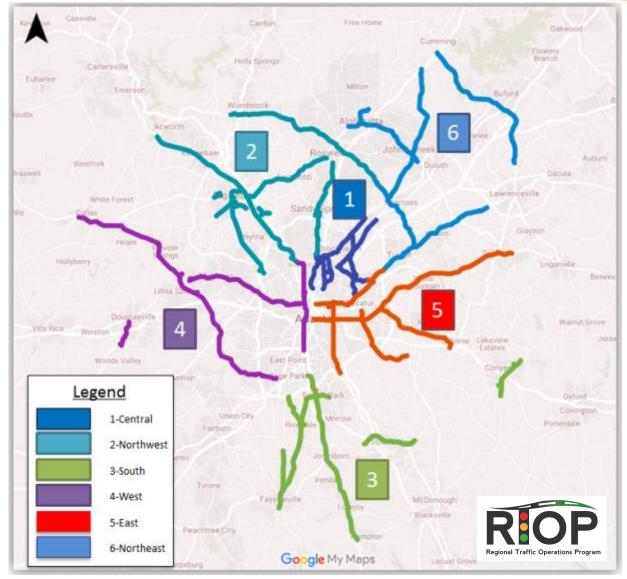




- 12 Counties, 28 Cities, 4 GDOT Districts
- Consultant program
 - Arcadis, Kimley Horn







25 Corridors, 1100+ signals, Span 12 Counties, and 13 Cities in the Metro Region **Based on corridors of Regional Significance** 3 CID's, 350+ signals





RTOP: Early Performance Measures

Maintenance:

- Operational detection vehicular and pedestrian
 - 95% operational is program goal



Measure:

Manual field detection checks

Operations:

- Maximize throughput on the mainline
- Reduce number of stops



Measure:

- Monthly volume counts
- Corridor ride-throughs

Troubleshooting:

Proactive identification of events



Measure:

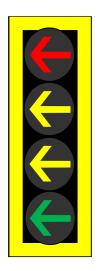
Counts, field identification





Limitations Identified

- System Limitations: Central signal software and local signal firmware limited in capabilities
- Labor intensive: manual reporting was time consuming
- Inaccuracies: Ride-throughs did not capture full system performance
- Program Evolution: Mainline volume no longer the primary goal





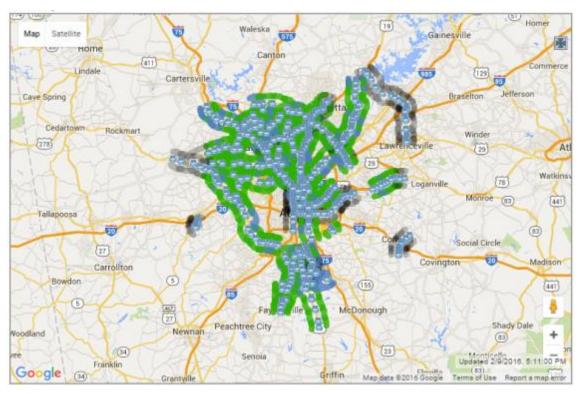








RTOP Evolution



- 230 BlueTOAD Units installed through RTOP
- Addition of Travel Time Index into reporting
- Ability to do Origin-Destination Studies
- Sharing information with local BlueTOAD Servers
- Information being broadcast to ATMS system





Improved Reporting

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

REGIONAL TRAFFIC OPERATIONS PROGRAM (RTOP 2)

PERFORMANCE REPORT

4TH QUARTER OF 2016

2016 Q4 Operational Cost: \$1.5 m 2016 Q4 Operational Benefit 1: \$3.2 m

Benefit/Cost Ratio: 2.2

Current conditions

Average Delay Per Mile 2: 33 Sec (peak periods: 47 sec)

Average Daily VMT 2: 5.2 m (peak periods: 1.3 m)
Travel Time Index (TTI) 2: 1.43 (peak periods: 1.55)

(Good< 1.500, Fair < 2.500, and Poor >= 2.5) 3

Reliability

Planning Time Index (PTI) 2: 1.75 (peak periods: 1.98) (Good < 1.300, Fair < 2.000, Poor >= 2.000) 3

System performance goals

40% of travelers experience a TTI below 1.500 (peak periods: 45%) 84% of travelers experience a TTI below 2.000 (peak periods: 86%)

Equipment inventory

Miles of arterial: 129

Number of signalized intersections: 506

Surveillance cameras: 210
Travel Time detectors: 205

¹ Benefits are estimated from savings in reduced delay, fuel consumption, emission, as well as reductions in non-recurrent congestion due to active arterial traffic management actions.

² Travel time and delay statistics generated from 24-hour BlueToad data in weekdays. Peak period is 7-9 am and 5-7pm.

³ TTI thresholds originated from the FHWA's Traffic Analysis Toolbox Volume VI. The PTI thresholds come from the SHRP2 report Guide to Incorporating Reliability Performance Measures into the Transportation Planning and Programming Processes.

2016 C

437 Malfuncti 109 Incidents 255 Operation 1661 Preventi Maintenance

Daily Planning Time Index (PTI) from BlueToad system								
Corridor	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2	2016 Q3	2016 Q4	Quarterly Change		
SR 5 – Bill Arp Rd				2.11	2.27	7.8%		
SR 6		1.83	1.58	1.55	1.44	-7.1%		
SR 12 – Covington Hwy		1.62	1.53	1.54	1.63	6.2%		
SR 20 – Gwinnett & Forsyth Co			1.77	1.64	1.97	20.5%		
SR 120 – Roswell Rd	2.13	1.73	1.84	1.66	1.79	7.9%		
SR 154/10 - Memorial Drive			1.47	1.49	1.49	-0.1%		
SR 138 – Rockdale Co			1.67	1.75	1.81	3.1%		
SR 155/13/42					2.39			
SR 280 - S. Cobb Dr.					2.43			
SR 3 – Northside Dr.			1.71	1.76	1.82	3.7%		
SR 8 - Dekalb Tucker					1.76			
SR 8 - Gwinnett					1.41			
SR 8 – Veterans / Hollowell Pkwy				1.46	1.51	2.8%		
Estimated RTOP 2 Total	2.15	1.89	1.67	1.59	1.75	9.8%		







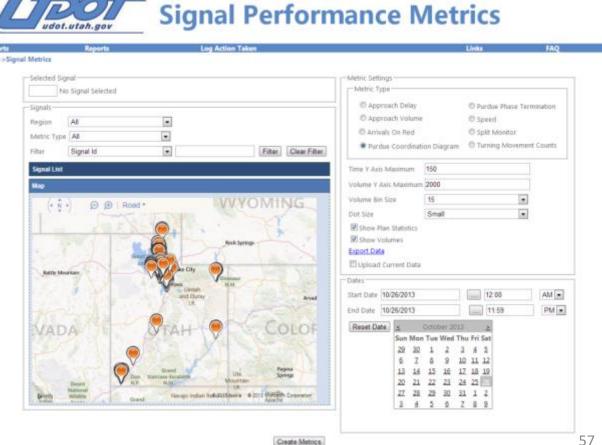


RTOP Evolution

FHWA Scan Tour – Signal Software Procurement

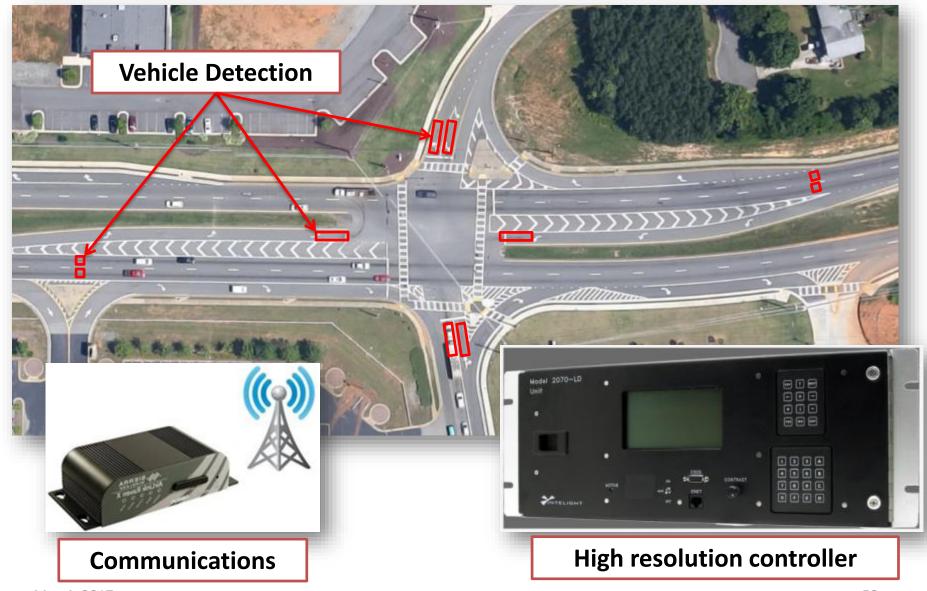


- Included high-resolution data in software specification
- Core of operational future
- GDOT procured Intelight MaxTime/MaxView for local and central software













Software Upgrade

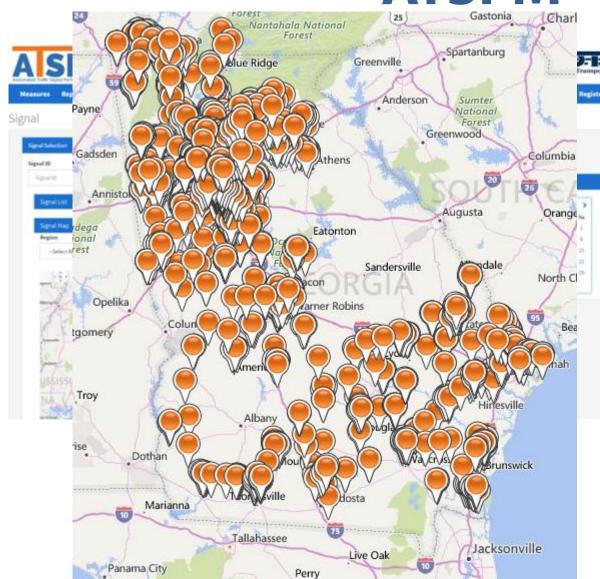
- Maintain existing 2070 architecture
- Turn-key deployment
- Statewide conversion: state routes and local routes
- Statewide implementation of Automated Traffic Signal Performance Measures (ATSPM)











- 3,109 signals logging high resolution data
- UDOT-produced source code
- Primary tool for operations and maintenance of traffic signals





Available Metrics

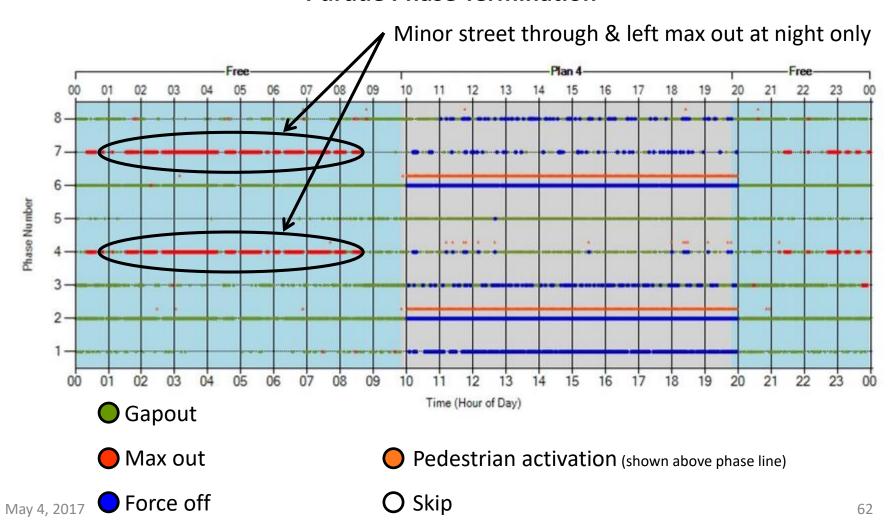
- Approach delay
- Approach volume
- Arrivals on red
- Purdue Coordination Diagram
- Purdue Split failure
- Pedestrian delay
- Preemption details

- Purdue Phase Termination
- Speed*
- Split monitor
- Turning movement counts
- Yellow and Red Actuations



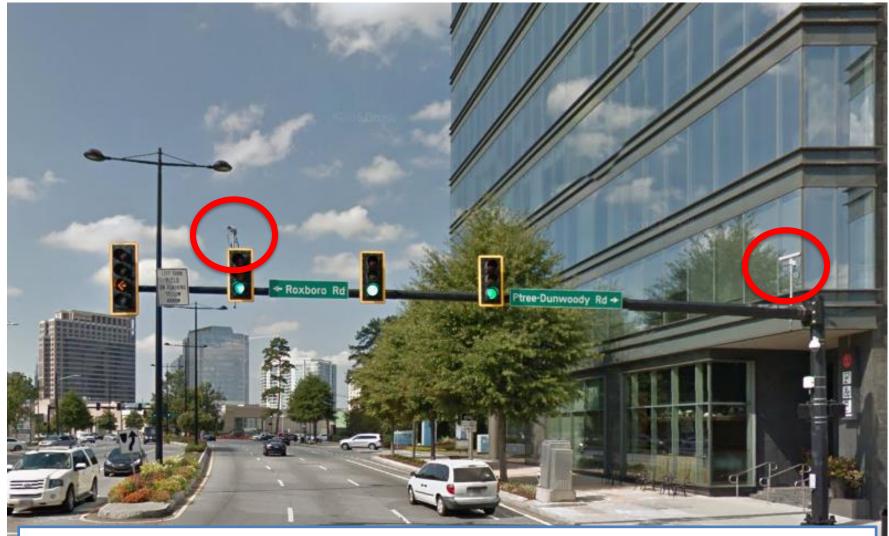


Purdue Phase Termination







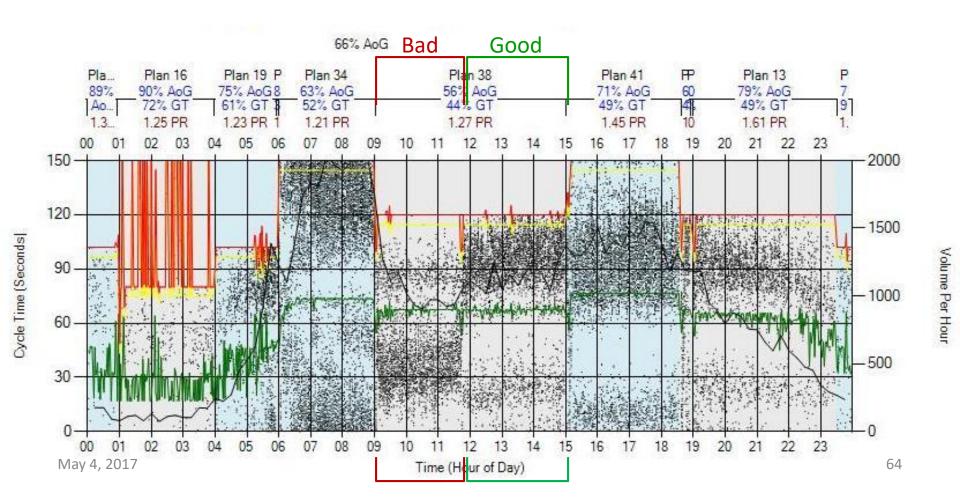


- Faulty video detection
- Resulted in product evaluation
- Replaced equipment with alternate technology





Purdue Coordination Diagram





Fastbound Total Volume

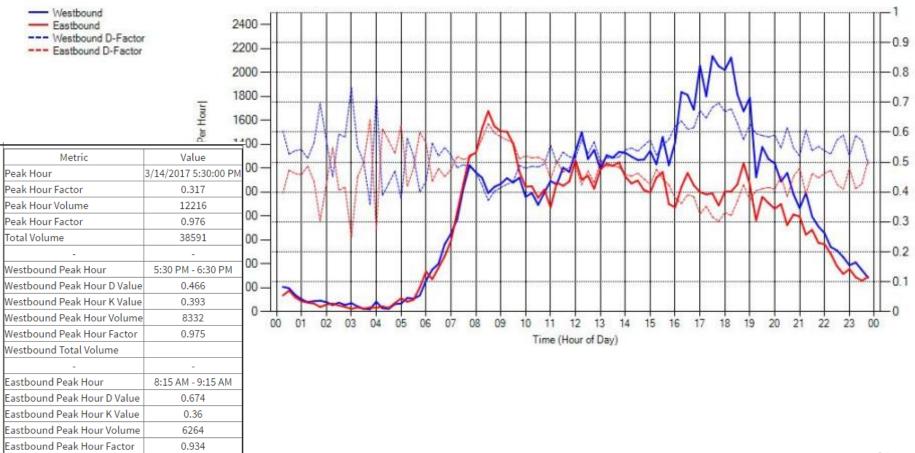


Directional Split

ATSPM

Approach Volume

Volume report for SR 141 @ Mathieson Drive on the Westbound and Eastbound approaches. 3/14/2017 12:00:00 AM - 3/14/2017 11:59:00 PM - Using Advanced Detection





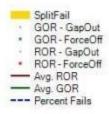


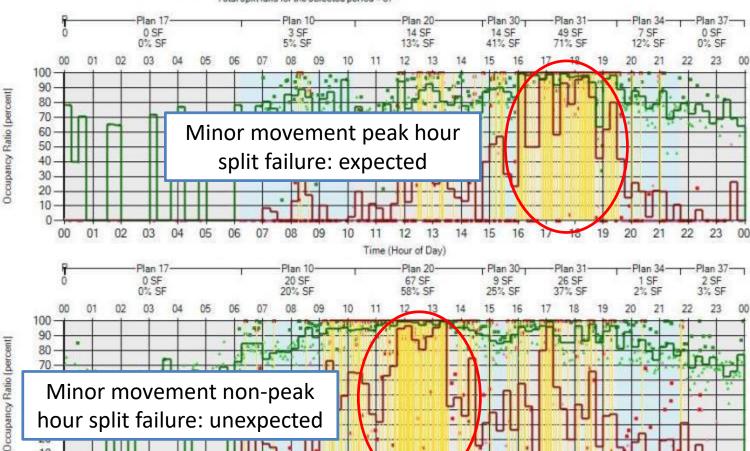
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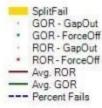
ATSPM

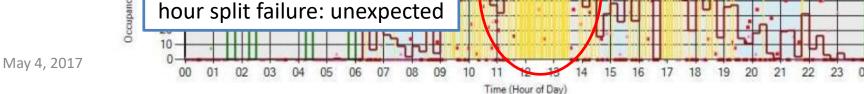
Purdue Split Failure

SR 141 Connector @ Tower Place BoulevardSignal 7074 Phase: 3 Northbound Thursday, March 9, 2017 12:00 AM - Thursday, March 9, 2017 11:59 PM Total split fails for the selected period = 87













Not Just Operations

Analysis: 7:00 AM to 8:15 AM - May 18, 2015

- Is green time too short? Would increasing the split fix the problem?
- ➤ Is coordination poor? More vehicles arriving on green could fix this?
- Is sight distance poor? Are their trucks or other obstructions blocking signal?
- Is law enforcement needed? Time can be pinned down for law enforcement.

5600 West 2700 South Signal 7379 Phase: 4 Eastbound Monday, May 18, 2015 12:00 AM - Monday, May 18, 2015 11:59 PM

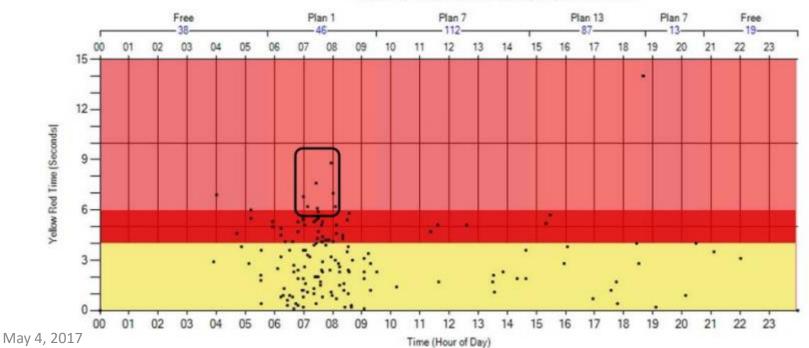


Chart Credit: UDOT

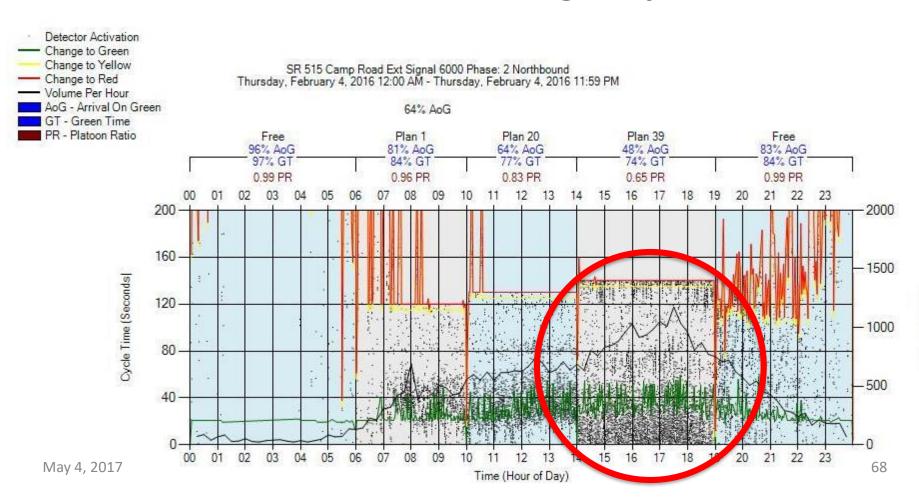




Volume Per Hour

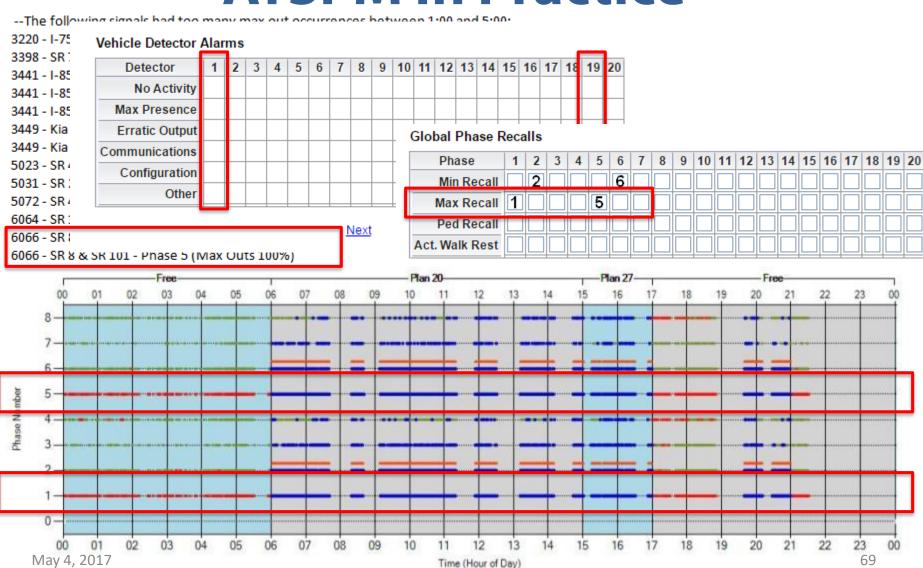
ATSPM In Practice

Consultant Retiming Project









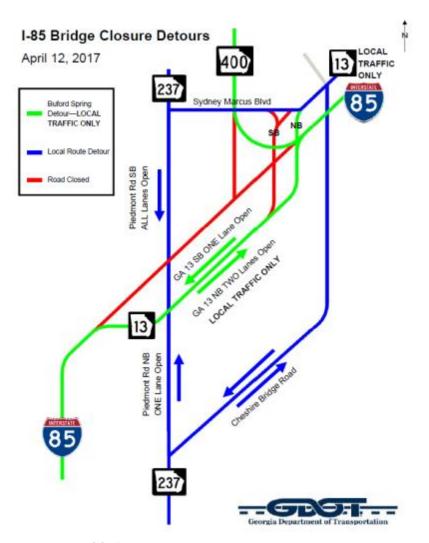








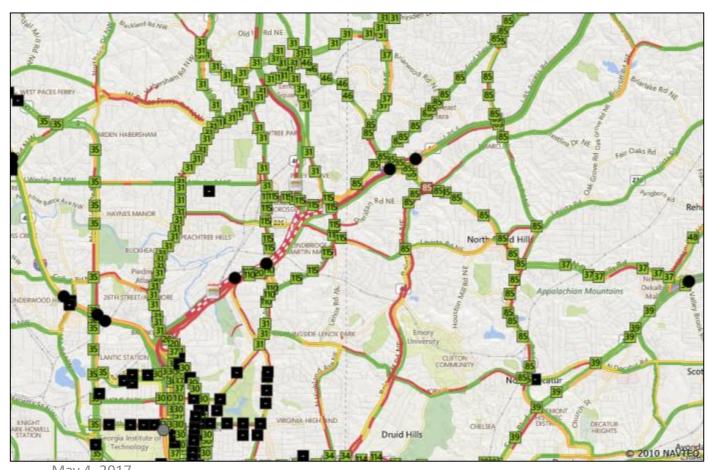










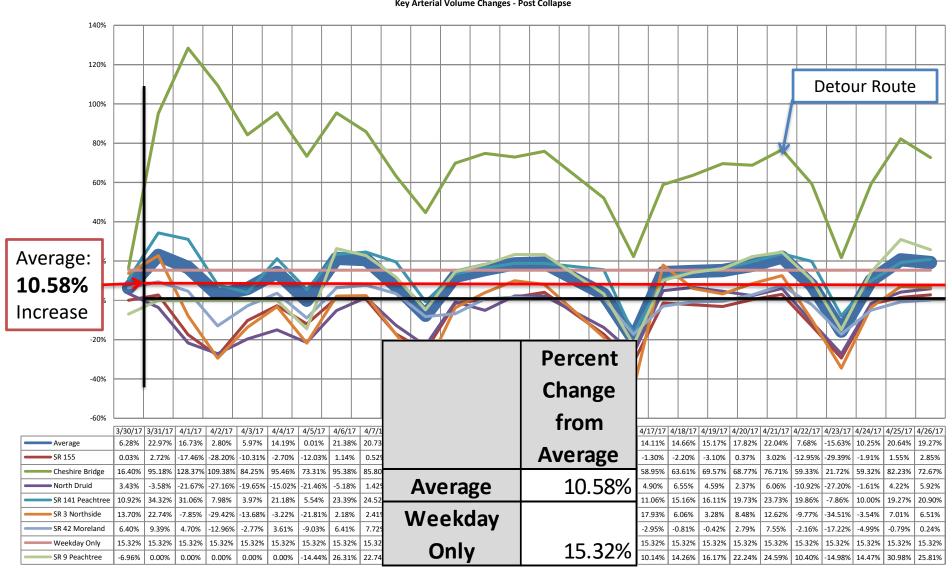


- Where will 250k detoured vehicles relocate?
- Special plans implemented
- Were they effective?





Arterial Volumes

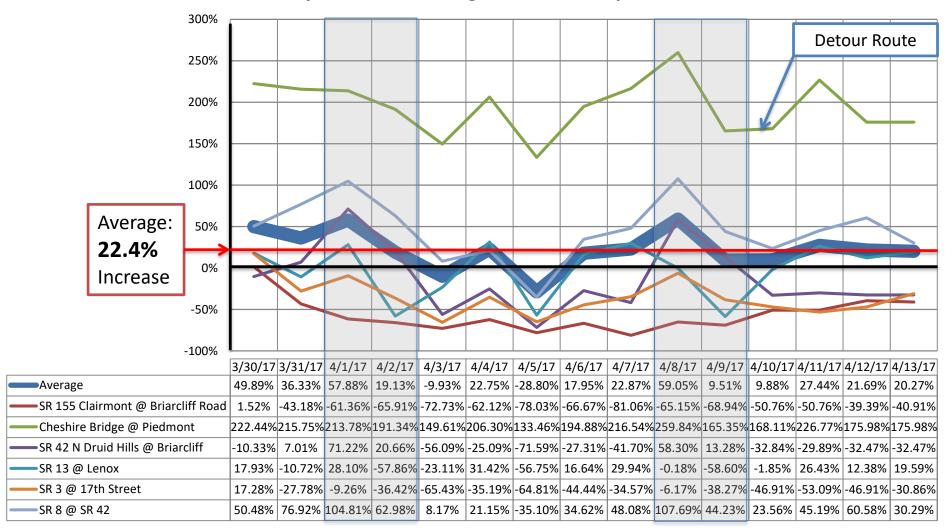






Arterial Minor Movements

Split Failure Changes - Post Collapse







Arterial Volumes

4/5 Wedne		/ednesday 4/12 Wednesday			4/19 Wednesday			Γ	4/26 Wednesday									
Description		AM	1	PM	,	AM	1	PM		Δ	ιM .	<u> </u>	PM I	<u>'</u>	1	4M	<u>. </u>	PM
	% Diff	Diff (mins)	% Diff	Diff (mins)	% Diff	Diff (mins)	% Diff	Diff (mins)		% Diff	Diff (mins)	% Diff	Diff (mins)		% Diff	Diff (mins)	% Diff	Diff (mins)
Cheshire Bridge Detour NB	-11.8%	6 -1.7	7 -4.6%	-0.7	2.1%	6 0.3	16.1%	% 2.7		8.9%	1.4	16.0%	2.7	/ !	18.0%	3.0	13.9%	6 2.3
Cheshire Bridge Detour SB	6.4%	1.0	0 -17.2%	-3.4	31.1%	5.4	44.5%	% 12.2		32.1%	5.6	31.5%	8.0	J !	25.7%	4.3	29.5%	7.4
SR 12 Covington Hwy NB	24.1%	6 0.9	9 4.7%	0.2	58.0%	2.5	11.8%	% 0.4	'	60.6%	2.7	7 18.0%	0.7	/ /	40.5%	1.6	12.8%	0.1
0	Cheshire Bridge Detour NB Cheshire Bridge Detour SB	% Diff Cheshire Bridge Detour NB -11.8% Cheshire Bridge Detour SB 6.4%	Description AM % Diff Diff (mins) Cheshire Bridge Detour NB -11.8% -1.7 Cheshire Bridge Detour SB 6.4% 1.0	% Diff Diff (mins) % Diff Cheshire Bridge Detour NB -11.8% -1.7 -4.6% Cheshire Bridge Detour SB 6.4% 1.0 -17.2%	Description AM PM % Diff Diff (mins) % Diff Diff (mins) Cheshire Bridge Detour NB -11.8% -1.7 -4.6% -0.7 Cheshire Bridge Detour SB 6.4% 1.0 -17.2% -3.4	Description AM PM A % Diff Diff (mins) % Diff Diff (mins) % Diff Cheshire Bridge Detour NB -11.8% -1.7 -4.6% -0.7 2.1% Cheshire Bridge Detour SB 6.4% 1.0 -17.2% -3.4 31.1%	Description AM PM AM % Diff Diff (mins) % Diff (mins) % Diff (mins) Cheshire Bridge Detour NB -11.8% -1.7 -4.6% -0.7 2.1% 0.3 Cheshire Bridge Detour SB 6.4% 1.0 -17.2% -3.4 31.1% 5.4	Description AM PM AM P % Diff Diff (mins) % Diff (mins)<	Pescription AM PM AM PM AM PM PM	Pescription AM PM AM PM % Diff Diff (mins) Diff (mins) Diff (mins) 2.7 Cheshire Bridge Detour SB 6.4% 1.0 -17.2% -3.4 31.1% 5.4 44.5% 12.2	Description AM PM AM PM AI % Diff Diff (mins) % Diff (mins)	Description AM PM AM PM AM PM AM PM AM PM AM AM PM AM AM	Description AM PM AM PM	Description AM PM AM AM PM AM AM	Description AM PM AM PM	Description AM PM AM PM	Description AM PM AM AM PM AM AM PM AM AM	Description AM PM AM PM

Travel Times Compared to Normal

4/5 Wednesday							
AM		PM					
Percentage	Minutes	Percentage	Minutes				
14.30%	2	-14.20%	-2.2				

4/12 Wednesday						
AM		PM				
Percentage	Minutes	Percentage	Minutes			
18.40%	2.8	41.30%	8.3			

4/19 Wednesday						
AM		PM				
Percentage	Minutes	Percentage	Minutes			
25.50%	3.8	33.80%	6.7			

4/26 Wednesday							
AM							
Percentage	Minutes	Percentage	Minutes				
29.20%	4.6	41.80%	8.9				

92821	SR 9 Peachtree Rd NB	17.8%	2.0	-7.8%	-0.8
92822	SR 9 Peachtree Rd SB	47.9%	7.2	-24.2%	-2.7
92823	SR 9 Roswell NB	20.3%	2.5	-13.2%	-1.9
92825	SR 9 Roswell SB	3.8%	0.5	39.8%	6.5
92818	US 278 Donald Lee Hollowell Pkwy EB	-29.0%	-3.2	0.3%	0.0
92816	US 278 Donald Lee Hollowell Pkwy WB	-5.1%	-0.5	-25.2%	-3.0

21.7%	2.5	48.3%	6.4
11.4%	1.4	57.3%	10.0
10.0%	1.2	24.3%	4.4
16.0%	2.1	38.5%	6.2
12.1%	1.6	2.6%	0.3
12.170	2.0	2.070	0.0
1.1%	0.1	6.5%	0.9

37.5%	4.7	31.8%	3.8
41.1%	5.9	41.9%	6.6
13.8%	1.6	39.9%	7.8
-7.5%	-0.9	49.2%	8.5
15.9%	2.2	1.4%	0.1
3.0%	0.3	3.1%	0.4

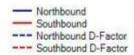
4.0	48.0%	6.3
10.3	94.5%	22.4
-1.4	-8.9%	-1.3
-0.7	37.7%	6.0
3.3	7.5%	0.8
0.2	-5.1%	-0.7
	10.3 -1.4 -0.7 3.3	10.3 94.5% -1.4 -8.9% -0.7 37.7% 3.3 7.5%

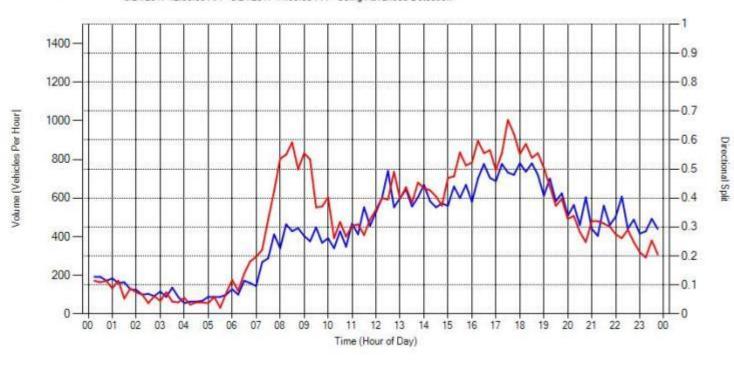




Cheshire Bridge (Detour)

Volume report for Cheshire Bridge Road @ Wellbourne Drive on the Northbound and Southbound approaches. 3/24/2017 12:00:00 AM - 3/24/2017 11:59:00 PM - Using Advanced Detection





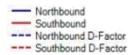
Normal ADT: 20,998

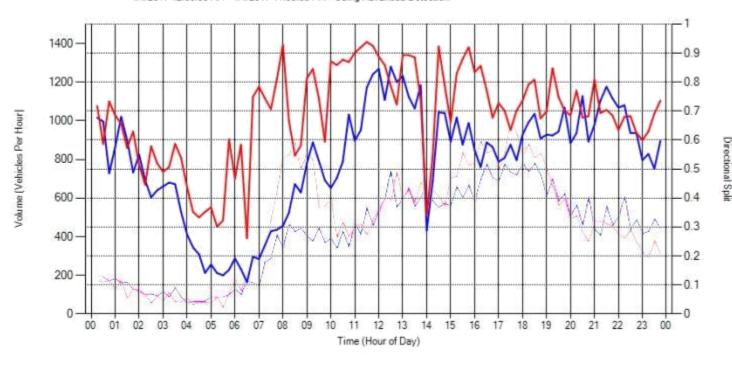




Cheshire Bridge (Detour)

Volume report for Cheshire Bridge Road @ Wellbourne Drive on the Northbound and Southbound approaches. 4/1/2017 12:00:00 AM - 4/1/2017 11:59:00 PM - Using Advanced Detection





Normal ADT: 20,998

Closure ADT: 43,324

106.3% Volume Increase

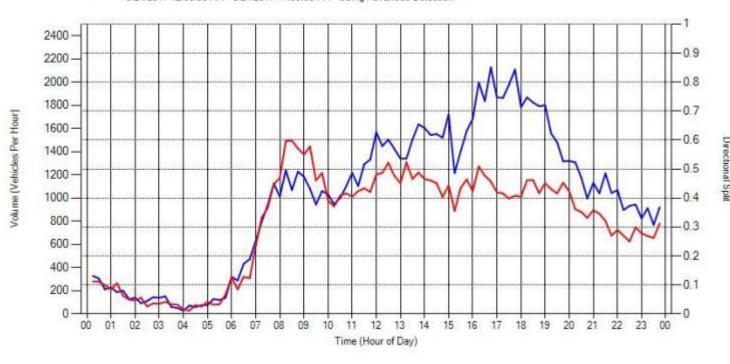




SR 141 Peachtree (Buckhead)

Volume report for SR 141 Peachtree @ Mathieson Drive on the Westbound and Eastbound approaches. 3/24/2017 12:00:00 AM - 3/24/2017 11:59:00 PM - Using Advanced Detection





Normal ADT: 42,564

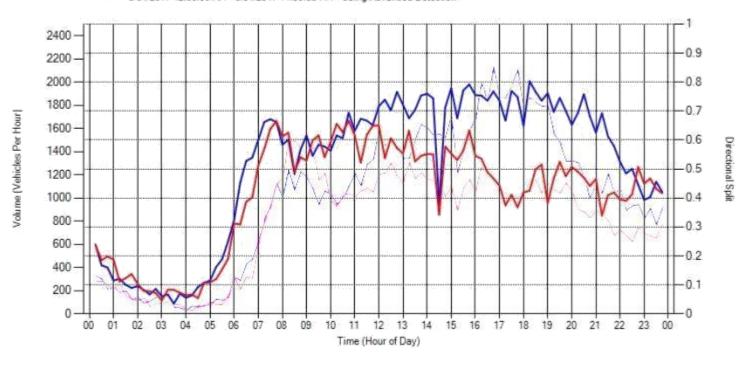




SR 141 Peachtree (Buckhead)

Volume report for SR 141 Peachtree @ Mathieson Drive on the Westbound and Eastbound approaches. 3/31/2017 12:00:00 AM - 3/31/2017 11:59:00 PM - Using Advanced Detection





Normal ADT: 42,564

Closure ADT: 55,041

29.3% Volume Increase

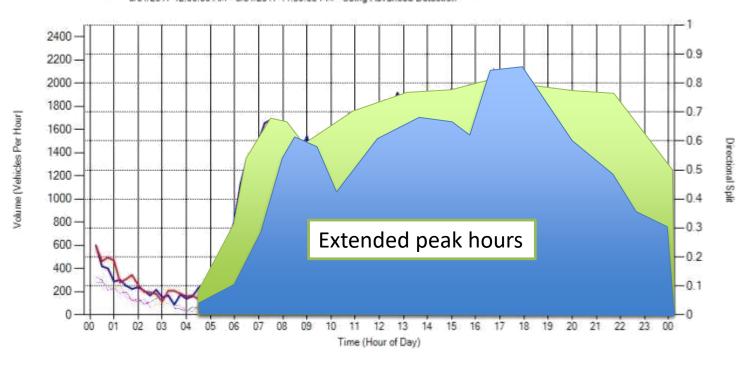




SR 141 Peachtree (Buckhead)

Volume report for SR 141 Peachtree @ Mathieson Drive on the Westbound and Eastbound approaches. 3/31/2017 12:00:00 AM - 3/31/2017 11:59:00 PM - Using Advanced Detection





Normal ADT: 42,564

Closure ADT: 55,041

29.3% Volume Increase





Recommendations

- ATSPMs: Extremely valuable
- Have a data management plan
- Lean on early adopters
 - INDOT, UDOT, MNDOT, GDOT, Many Others
- Use the data
- Know what you have





Pooled Fund Study

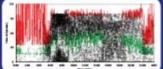
PERFORMANCE MEASURES FOR TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS

An Outcome-Oriented Approach









Christopher M. Day, Darcy M. Bullock, Howell Li, Stephen M. Remias, Alexander M. Hainen, Richard S. Freije, Amanda L. Stevens, James R. Sturdevant, and Thomas M. Brennan



INTEGRATING TRAFFIC SIGNAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES INTO AGENCY BUSINESS PROCESSES



Christopher M. Day, Darcy M. Bullock, Howell Li, Steven M. Lavrenz, W. Benjamin Smith, James R. Sturdevant







Alan Davis, PE, PTOE Assistant State Traffic Engineer Georgia Department of Transportation

aladavis@dot.ga.gov 404-635-2832



Now that you have heard the presentations-

Hearing from you – Poll Questions



- ➤ POLL 1: Have these presentations been helpful in understanding the varying technologies involved in arterial monitoring?
- POLL 2: There are a number of approaches available to implement Automated Traffic Signal Performance Measures (Select all that you are familiar with)?
- POLL 3: What is the most prominent barrier within your organization to implementation of Automated Traffic Signal Performance Measures?

Now that you have heard the presentations-

Questions?



➤ Remaining Questions from the CHAT Box









Contact Information



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 404-635-2832, <u>aladavis@dot.ga.gov</u>
- Dan Farley, Pennsylvania DOT, Chief, Traffic Operations Deployment & Maintenance Section

717-783-0333, <u>dfarley@pa.gov</u>

Thank You!

